THE Numb. 362.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *April* 2, 1752.

From the MUSEUM.

An APOLOGY for SWEARING.

Being a Remonſtrance of one of the Members of a certain SOCIETY *near* St. James's, *againſt erecting a* SWEARING-BOX, *and impoſing a Penalty upon* OATHS.

GENTLEMEN,

THOUGH I may, perhaps, be as great a Lover of Virtue and Good Manners as the worthy Gentleman who ſpoke laſt, and tho' I ſhould be very far from oppoſing any Thing that might tend to the Reformation of our Manners, or that would prevent any Indecency of Expreſſion unbecoming the Members of this Society; yet, to the Propoſal that is now made of impoſing a Penalty upon us for *Swearing*, I cannot help making a few Objections.

In the enacting of any new Laws, great Regard ſhould be had, not only to the Uſefulneſs and Expediency of them, but to the Propriety or Impropriety of the Time in which they are introduced. Now I will undertake to ſhew, that we live at a Time in which it is impoſſible for a Man of Spirit ſometimes to forbear *Swearing*; nay, I ſhall go ſo far as to aſſert, that a *good* and *hearty Curſe*, on many Occaſions that happen in theſe our Days, is almoſt a Virtue.

It is with great Regret, Gentlemen, that I proceed to give Inſtances of this ſtrange Aſſertion: But when we ſee the Great, the Nobles of our Land, the Men of Birth and Fortune, who ſhould be the Patrons and Encouragers of Virtue, Knowlege, and every uſeful Art, to the Ruin of their Characters, Fortunes, and Families, and to the utter Diſcouragement of Learning and every Kind of Merit, neglecting all Authors but *Hoyle*, deſpiſing all Study but the Rules of Whiſt; Who can help SWEARING at the prepoſterous Patrons? Who can help CURSING the pernicious Author? And who will blame the Man that vents ſuch honeſt Execrations?

Do we not daily ſee a Set of Wretches (I am aſhamed to call them Countrymen) who, to the manifeſt Ruin of our Trade, and conſequently of our Glory as a Nation, deſpiſe the bounteous Produce of their native Clime, diſdaining to receive either Suſtenance or Cloathing, unleſs from foreign Productions? Nay, unable to meet with Vices and Follies, low and ridiculous enough for their Imitation, at home; do they not even travel abroad in Queſt of them? And then triumphantly returning, with their plain *Engliſh* Senſe and Humanity, poliſhed and improved (as they would perſwade us) into mere *French* Flutter and Complaiſance, inſult their Countrymen with a Behaviour ſo utterly unworthy, ſo infinitely beneath the manly Plainneſs, honeſt Freedom, and open Sincerity of an *Engliſhman*, as renders them fit for nothing but to be deſpiſed and laugh'd at, or kick'd out of Company. And ſhall ſuch inſipid, ſuch contemptible Wretches, aſſume a Superiority from their imported, vilely mimick'd, foreign, *French* Politeneſs? 'Tis ridiculous!

We live in an Age, when it is become faſhionable for the greateſt Men to take a Pride in the meaneſt Actions, for the moſt Honourable to be the moſt Infamous; and for thoſe, whoſe Birth and Fortunes give them the glorious Privilege of rewarding Merit or ſuccouring Diſtreſs, to make a ſcandalous Uſe of that very Privilege, to ruin Families, to inſult Mankind, to cheat the honeſt Tradeſman with Impunity, and to ſcreen themſelves from the Payment of their juſt and lawful Debts. And is this a Time to lay a Penalty upon us for SWEARING?

Do we not ſee a Pack of human Ideots (for it is impoſſible to ſuppoſe them rational) who, poſſeſſed of Health, Plenty, Honour, and Independence, and without any Motive that one can dignify with the Name of a Reaſon, but full of Oſtentation, and ſwelling with a fooliſh Pride, indulge themſelves in every idle Extravagance that Vanity, Luxury, and intemperate Paſſions can ſuggeſt; 'til ſickening, dwindling, ſinking by Degrees, their Health is in the End deſtroy'd, their Fortunes ruin'd, their Honour corrupted, and their late boaſted Independence waiting on a Court, and cringing for a mere Maintenance, a ſhameful Stipend, the Wages of their Folly? And ſhall we not yet SWEAR?

Do we not daily hear of Admirals who are no Sailors, and of Generals who are no Soldiers? Have not our Fleets been baffled, our Armies defeated by Enemies whom we have heretofore deſpiſed? Whence does all this proceed? Not from a Want of able, brave, and honeſt Men; but from the Abſurdity, the Wickedneſs of thoſe, who from low, ſiniſter, and ſelf intereſted Views, prefer the Worthleſs, Baſe, and Undeſerving. Sure ſuch as this would move a Stoick's Wrath!

We live in a Community, which for the Juſtice and Equality of it's Laws, and the Safety and Security of the Lives and Properties of it's Members, is the Envy and Admiration of all *Europe*; yet, to the Shame of our Government, to the Scandal of our Conſtitution, a Pack of lawleſs, arm'd, audacious Ruffians, openly, in the Face of Day, and in Defiance of the Magiſtrate, aſſiſt their Country's Foes, infringe her ſacred Laws, and maim or murder all who dare oppoſe them. And ſhall we not be allowed the Liberty even to CURSE them? God forbid! Good Heaven CONFOUND 'em! For ſuch is the Infatuation, or ſuch the Iniquity of thoſe who ſhould, that hitherto they are unſuppreſs'd, if not encouraged.

We live at a Time when bold Rebellion rages in the Land.——Rebellion! againſt a Government founded on the Principles of Liberty, and exerciſed in the Spirit of it.——Rebellion! ſupported by the Tyranny of *France*, our mortal Foe; inſtigated by the Bigottry and blind Superſtition of *Rome*, our Jeſt and Deriſion; yet abetted——by *Engliſhmen* muſt I ſay? O Shame! by *Engliſhmen*. By Men, who, born and nouriſh'd in the Land of Liberty, yet act and live inſenſible to her Charms; who ſcruple not to involve their native Country in Calamity and Confuſion; nay, to entail on themſelves and their wretched Poſterity that exſecrateſt of human Evils, compleat Slavery: And all for ——what? For that Reproach to Reaſon, that Scandal to Humanity, the mere Nonſenſe and Wickedneſs of Jacobitiſm. NOT SWEAR! impoſſible! he whole Indignation does not riſe againſt them is not an *Engliſhman*; who does not with all his Might oppoſe them, is not a Lover of Liberty; and every Honourer of Truth and Virtue, who does not from his Soul abjure, deteſt, and ſcorn them, is guilty at leaſt of Immorality, if not Impiety.

To conclude therefore: As I look upon Gaming to be one of the worſt and moſt deſtructive of evil Habits; as I deſpiſe the Meanneſs of the Great, however magnificently adorn'd; as I hate all Encouragers of, or Connivers at Smuggling; as I ſcorn a Coward; as I have an utter Contempt for all *Frenchified* Puppies; as I abominate Luxury and Extravagance; as I abhor and deteſt all Abettors of Superſtition and Tyranny; and as I love to vent my Indignation againſt theſe, and all ſuch monſtrous Enormities, with the warm, the honeſt Freedom of an *Engliſhman*, I ſhall undoubtedly give my Vote againſt ſo improper, ſo unneceſſary, and ſo ill-timed a Reſtraint. JURO.

On SELF-LOVE: *A Fable.*

WHEN I conſider the natural Propenſity of human Nature to Good, I am often greatly ſurprized how the Power of Education is able to ſubvert it; but it raiſes my Indignation, that Superſtition and idle Legends can caſt ſuch a Film over the intellectual Eye, as to render it in a great Meaſure incapable of extending it's View beyond the little circumſcribed Limits of what belongs *merely* to *Man*. 'Tis this Counter Knowlege that makes us by Degrees become ſelfiſh and unſocial, by confining the Deſign and Benevolence of Providence to a Part of the Univerſe, which, in Compariſon to the whole Syſtem, is no more than a ſingle Grain of Sand to the Earth itſelf; for when once we have begun to exclude our Planet by Superiority from the reſt, and to regard the other Luminaries as exiſting only to ſerve ours, we preſently proceed to bring the Thought nearer home, by looking upon the Country we caſually were born in, then the Family we come from, and at length, ourſelves alone, as the principal Object of divine Care. This is the Bane of all Morality, and from this plentiful Source of Evils flow *Pride*, *Ill Nature*, and that Parent of active Vices *Uncharitableneſs*. Contrary Thoughts therefore muſt be productive of contrary Effects; and I dare ſay, every one, who has experienced the Light of uſeful Learning and true Religion, will agree with me, that nothing tends more to better the Heart, as well as enlarge the Underſtanding, than to carry our Thoughts as far as we are able into Immenſity, and to meditate on the Attributes of the Deity, from whom all *Wiſdom proceeds*, and in whom it ends; which will neceſſarily lead us to conſider the whole Solar Syſtem as no more than a ſingle Atom in Subjection to the univerſal Plan of divine Government: What then is Man!——The *Arabians*, who convey all their Learning, their moral and religious Precepts, through Fables, relate the following Story, as an inſtructive Leſſon on this Subject.

There lived in the Vale of *Koritz*, a Hermit named *Akallah*, who by the Power of a Taliſman could convert any Animal whatſoever into another of a different Species. His Life being as pure as his Knowlege was extenſive, he preſently became famous over the whole Eaſt, and all the Youth of the adjace t Countries came to him for Inſtruction. Among the reſt, the Son of the King of *Thebet* was placed by his Father, under the Tuition of this celebrated Philoſopher. *Monophax*, for that was the Name of the young Prince, was of a proud, ſelfiſh, and cruel Diſpoſition; he look'd upon the other Nations of the Earth as tributary Vaſſals to his Power, and upon his Father's Subjects as the abject Slaves of his Pleaſure. *Kalaphax*, the good old King, who tenderly loved his People as a Parent, would often lament within himſelf the terrible Proſpect they had before them, when he anticipated the Calamities that were likely to enſue after his Death, under the Reign of his Succeſſor; however, that nothing ſhould be wanting to contribute to their Welfare, or that of his own Son, he took all the Methods poſſible to render the young Prince more humane and tractable; but when nothing availed, he at laſt determined to ſend him as abovemention'd, to the great Philoſopher and Magician *Akallah*. Accordingly when *Monophax* arrived at a little Village, where the Pupils of Diſtinction generally reſided, he ſent to command the Preceptor to come to him. *Akallah*, who both knew by his Art, and was previouſly informed of the Temper of his royal Diſciple, told the Meſſenger, that tho' his Birth and Fortune ſet a Diſtinction between the reſt of Mankind, yet Wiſdom claimed a Superiority by Nature over all; and though the Prince of *Thebet* had been accuſtomed to command the great Ones of the Earth, it was now his Turn to obey and attend the Will of his Maſter. As ſoon as *Monophax* received this Meſſage, which breathed a Spirit of Liberty and Philoſophy, more than what he had been uſed to, he was greatly enraged againſt the Hermit, and repairing to his Cave with the Servants that attended him, reſolved to make the good old Man fall a Victim to his Reſentment. *Akallah* being apprized of the young Prince's Deſign, waited patiently for his coming; upon whoſe Appearance with a drawn Sword in his Hand, he touch'd the Taliſman, and *Monophax* was inſtantly metamorphoſ'd into an Emmet. The Attendants,

upon

upon the ſudden Diſappearance of their Maſter, were greatly aſtoniſh'd, which the Hermit perceiving: *Behold!* ſaid he, pointing to the Ground, *that Inſect, which you ſee trawling on the Earth, was once* Monophaz, *your Lord, who was to reign uncontroulable over the Lives of Millions, but is now reduced by the Power of the Almighty, to lie with Reptiles in the Duſt; for before his Preſence, who created every Being for univerſal Good, and not ſelfiſh Delight, the greateſt Monarch upon the Globe is no more than the ſmalleſt Mote fluttering in the Meridian Sun. Learn hence,* continued he, *young Prince* (looking down upon the Emmet), *that thoſe alone are diſtinguiſh'd by his preſent and future Favour, who correſpond with his great Deſign of promoting the Good of all his Creatures, and guide their Lives by the unerring Dictates of Reaſon, and the tender Suggeſtions of Humanity. 'Tis in my Power, whom you lately ſo threaten'd in your Wrath, to make you continue in this Body, as a Puniſhment for the raſh Attempt; but as I perceive by my Art that there will be a thorough Reformation of your Mind, with the Change of your Shape, and that your future Conduct will be both a Bleſſing to yourſelf and the reſt of Mankind; you ſhall immediately be conveyed back again in your own Form, with your Attendants, to the Court of your Father at* Thebet. Having ſaid this, *Akallah* touch'd the Taliſman, by which *Monophaz* found himſelf where the Magician promiſed to convey him; and being convinced by this Experiment of the Weakneſs and Inſufficiency of Man in Compariſon to the Power of Heaven, he became afterwards, by his Example, a living Precept of Goodneſs to the reſt of the World.

PHILARETES.

EDINBURGH, November 21.

TUESDAY laſt, the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, in Conſequence of the Verdict of Aſſize formerly returned on the Trial of Samuel Lampro, late Shipmaſter at Leith, decerned, adjudged, and declared the ſaid Samuel Lampro, infamous, inteſtable, and incapable of giving Evidence in any Court, or paſſing upon any Jury, and ordained him to be carried from the Bar to the Tolbooth, there to remain till Wedneſday the 8th of January next, and on the ſaid Day to be carried from thence at Eleven o'Clock before Noon, with a Rope about his Neck, attended by the common Executioner, and put on the Pillory, to ſtand bareheaded for the Space of a complete Hour, having a Paper affixed on his Breaſt, containing theſe Words, in large Characters: "Here "ſtands Samuel Lampro, an infamous Perſon, who "did wilfully and wickedly caſt away the Ship "Prince Charles of Lorrain, with a Deſign to de"fraud the Inſurers of the ſaid Ship, after having, "contrary to the Truſt repoſed in him, ſold the "Cargo on board the ſaid Ship, belonging to the "Merchants who had loaded the ſame;" and afterwards to be carried back to Priſon, to be confined to the 19th Day of November next, and thereafter till an Opportunity offers of tranſporting him to his Majeſty's Plantations in America; and further decerned and adjudged the ſaid Lampro to be baniſhed Scotland, during Life; with Certification if he returns, of being impriſoned for the Space of one Year, whipt through this City on the firſt Market Day of each Month, and re tranſported, *toties quoties*.

LONDON.

Nov. 16. The following Character of his late Serene Highneſs the Prince of ORANGE has been printed at the *Hague*, where it has been greatly in Eſteem and Demand:

William Charles Henry Friſo was born to be of a Stature above the common; but an Accident in his fourth Year ſhortened it, and inclined the Body to the Left; with which, however, he had an Appearance full of an amiable Dignity. His Hair was of a Cheſnut, and well arranged; his Eyes were large, blue, keen, and animated; nothing eſcaped their Quickneſs: His Features agreeable, his Countenance comely, and advantageous.

He was a Poſthumous Child, and they who had the firſt Care of him inſtructed him in little elſe beſides Latin and Divinity. Senſible of the Injury of this Negligence, he laboured with ſuch Ardour and Succeſs to retrieve it, that he ſurpaſſed moſt Princes in the Sciences. He particularly applied himſelf to the moſt uſeful Parts of the Mathematics: He was deſirous of Improvement in general, and never ſlipt the Opportunities of informing himſelf from thoſe whom he accounted eminent in any Art.

His Memory was wonderful; beſides the Latin, and his native Language, in which he expreſſed himſelf with the moſt delicate Purity and Elegance, he ſpoke three other Languages very well, *viz.* the *German*, *Engliſh*, and *French*. The Croſſes of his firſt thirty ſix Years were known to every Body; great as they were, they did not weary out his Patience, and his Senſe of them appeared only in an Inſtance of the nobleſt Generoſity, pardoning when he could revenge; Clemency had always a greater Share in his Compoſition than Reſentment; and he was never ſeen, in a Time of Need, to deny his Aſſiſtance to thoſe who had abuſed his Confidence.

He was haſty, but ſoon recovered himſelf, and immediately applied himſelf, as far as his Dignity would permit, to make the Objects of his Effervescences forget them.

By a Strain of Moderation, not univerſal among Princes, he favour'd a Limitation of his Power at a Time when there was a general Eagerneſs to extend it.

Averſe to Harſhneſs, he always choſe the mildeſt Methods; and his Lenity led him to too great a Repugnance to puniſh, or even refuſe. Many hard Judgments have been paſſed upon him on this Point, and on his Eaſineſs in thinking well of others, and his Diffidence of himſelf. This laſt Diſpoſition will appear ſurprizing to thoſe who conſider the conſtant and unanimous Applauſes of thoſe auguſt Aſſemblies, in which he had often an Occaſion to deliver himſelf: His ready Conception, his noble and ſtriking Expreſſion, were always their Admiration; Talents which, added to his Affability, gained him the Hearts of every one. A Prince, amidſt ſuch Applauſes, might entertain the moſt advantageous Thoughts of himſelf, as, upon conſulting his Heart, he found there a pure and ſettled Intention to do Good; generous and exalted Sentiments, to which he readily ſacrificed all his private Intereſts.

He naturally loved Magnificence, and delighted in Liberality; ſo that his OEconomy was the Effect of Reflection. He took a Pleaſure in Acts of Charity, and gave with the Modeſty of a Man who ſympathizes with the Diſtreſſes of others.

In Company he both received and gave Pleaſure, being of a ſprightly and mild Converſation; and as Good-Nature was his leading Principle, he loved to make every one eaſy with whom he converſed.

The laſt Years of his Life have been ſpent in an intenſe Application, to him the more painful and prejudicial, from his daily-increaſing Ailments; but no Inconveniency was of Weight againſt his Love for his Country.

His Piety was ſincere; his Zeal for Proteſtantiſm was temper'd with a Toleration adapted to the Government of theſe Provinces. He was a declared Enemy of Licentiouſneſs, Prophaneneſs, and Vice, and always countenanced Virtue and Merit.

He was a happy and a good Huſband, a good Father, a good Son, and a good Maſter.

If his reſigned Submiſſion to the Determinations of Providence has undergone Variety of Trials, his Virtues, on the other Hand have not failed of a glorious Recompence even in this Life. He has ſaved his Country; he has traced the Path which leads to the Recovery of the antient Grandeur of the State; and, together with his Example, has left, in his Houſe, the ſacred Guardianſhip of National Liberty and Happineſs.

December 9. Laſt Week was entered at the Cuſtom Houſe, from on board the Charming Martha, Capt. Leſlie, 496 Pounds Weight of raw Silk, the Growth of Georgia, under the Teſtimonials required by the late Act of Parliament *for encouraging the Growth and Culture of Silk, in his Majeſty's Dominions in America*; which raw Silk, by the ſaid Act, was imported Duty free.

December 12. We hear from Wigton in Cumberland, that a young Woman in the Holme, near that Place, of conſiderable Fortune, has been ſo fortunate as to get two Huſbands in one Week. She was privately married to her firſt Huſband at Allenby Chapel, and two Days after, to her ſecond Huſband, at the Holme Church: Which ſecond Marriage, as it was not kept a Secret, preſently reach'd the Ears of the firſt Huſband, who liv'd in the ſame Pariſh, and, whilſt the new married Couple were regaling themſelves, broke in upon them to lay Claim to his Wife, in Right of the prior Marriage; which greatly chagrin'd the ſecond Huſband, to find himſelf ſo deluded. But however, after the Prieſts were examined, and both Marriages being fairly proved, the Diſpute was not who ſhould have her, but who ſhould get quit of her, as the Marriage was not conſummated by any Party; yet, as it was the general Opinion that the Right would be in the firſt married Huſband, the Marriage has been ſince conſummated; and the ſecond Huſband is contenting himſelf with finding out Means of Conſolation, *&c.* to qualify himſelf for another Wife.

PHILADELPHIA.

February 18. From Dover there is Advice, that Archibald Cunningham, and Alice, his Wife (lately mentioned in this Paper) were executed there on the 8th Inſtant, purſuant to their Sentence, for the barbarous Murder of Eleanor Gollohar.

Capt. Reeve, of this Port, is in the River, from Jamaica. By Capt. Roney, who came Paſſenger with him, we have the following Depoſition:

Jamaica, ſs. PATRICK Roney, John Holt, and Francis Welſh, Paſſengers on board the Sloop Diamond, of New York, Nathanael Lawrence Commander, who being ſeverally and duly ſworn, on the Holy Evangeliſts, depoſeth and ſaith, That they ſailed from Port Royal, in the ſaid Sloop Diamond, on the Twenty-third Day of December, 1751, bound for Charles Town in South-Carolina: That on the ſecond Day of January following, being then off Cape Nicholas, they ſaw a Sloop coming out of the Mole, ſteering cloſe by the Wind, which they took to be a Sloop bound to Boſton, that ſailed from Jamaica a ſhort Time before them: That the ſaid Sloop got the Wind of them, and then bearing down within Gunſhot of them, they hoiſted a French Pendant. The Sloop Diamond then put her Helm a Lee, and made Sail to the Northward, and was chaced by the other Sloop, who being in our Wake, fired a Shot at us. Capt. Lawrence ſhortened Sail, and the ſaid Sloop on coming up with us, ordered our Boat out immediately; but as we made no Diſpatch, they directly hoiſted their own Craft out, mann'd with twelve or fourteen Spaniards, and a Spaniſh Officer, who took Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Sloop Diamond, and carried her into Cape-Nicholas Mole: That upon our Sloop's being carried under the Stern of their Commodore, called The Victoria, Don Domingo Santia Commander, we were ſaluted with Drums, Trumpets, and loud Huzza's: That as ſoon as they came to an Anchor, the ſaid Sloop Diamond was boarded by the Commodore's Captain, and the Captain of the Sloop, that brought us into the ſaid Mole, whoſe Names they would not diſcover: That they immediately ordered Captain Lawrence's Cheſt to be opened, and overhaul'd the Governor's Let paſs, and Cuſtom Houſe Clearances, and then overhaul'd the Caſh in the ſaid Cheſt, which we compute to about *Three Thouſand Pounds*, Jamaica Currency; at the Sight of which Money, the Spaniards ſhouted and danced for Joy: That they took an Account of the Number of the Bags, and the mark'd Contents, then put the Money into the ſame Cheſt again, and gave the Key of it to Capt. Lawrence, and then went immediately on board the aforeſaid Commodore, leaving a ſufficient Guard of Spaniards on board the ſaid Sloop Diamond. That they ſoon after returned again, and ordered the ſame Cheſt to be re open'd and counted the looſe Money that was in it. That they then overhaul'd all the Cheſts in the Veſſel, and took into their Poſſeſſion all the Caſh in general that was found in her. That the Spaniſh Sailors rummaged and plundered the Steerage and Hold, ſtripping the Sailors of all they could poſſibly take from them; their Officers likewiſe behaved very little better than Pyrates. That on the third of ſaid January, the Captain of the ſmall Sloop, and the Commodore's Lieutenant, whoſe Names we could not learn, came on board Captain Lawrence, and ordered all the Priſoners to go on board a Schooner which they had taken two Days before, out of Sight of Land, on her Voyage from Philadelphia to Jamaica. But Captain Lawrence inſiſting peremptorily, that he and his People would ſtay by his Sloop, and wait the Iſſue of a Trial, in order to proceed on his intended Voyage, if acquitted, the Spaniards left us for the preſent, but in the Morning the aforeſaid Spaniſh Officers compelled the above named Deponents, with five of Captain Lawrence's Sailors, to go on board the aforeſaid Schooner, leaving Captain Lawrence, his Mate, and four Sailors, on board his own Sloop. As ſoon as the aforeſaid Paſſengers and Sailors were on board ſaid Schooner, the Spaniards ſent their Craft on board for the Deponent, Patrick Roney, and carried him on board the ſaid Sloop Diamond: That they there examined him, from whence the ſaid Sloop Diamond came, and how the ſaid Spaniſh Money came on board her? That this Deponent told them, that the ſealed Bags, was Money taken in on Freight for South Carolina; and thoſe unſealed, was Money for the Returns of the ſaid Sloop's Cargo from New York. That they then drew up a Writing on Paper, and deſired ſaid Deponent Patrick Roney, to ſign it: That on his refuſing to ſign the ſaid Writing, they haul'd the Commodore, who ordered the ſaid Deponent, Patrick Roney, on board him: That he was threatened

threatened very hard to make him sign it: That he then told them he was ignorant of what they wrote, and apprehended it to be some Villainy, which they wanted to force him to sign. That on his refusing again to sign it, the aforesaid Commodore, Don Domingo Santin, took the said Deponent, Patrick Roney, by the Ears, swearing he would cut them off, if he did not sign the aforesaid Paper. That after several Threatnings, of the like Kind, he was forced to sign it, through Fright and Terror, tho' he did not understand one Word of the Contents. That he was then ordered on board said Schooner, who weighed Anchor, and sail'd for Jamaica, where we arrived the sixth Instant.

PHILADELPHIA, *Mar.* 17.

Extract of a Letter from Charles-Town in South-Carolina, dated January 12, 1752.

"The Cherokees, that were last in Town at the Treaty, committed some Robberies, attempted to ravish several Women, and were otherwise very insolent to the Inhabitants in our back Settlements, on their Return home, tho' they had made a strict League with us. They were way-laid, and attacked by a Party of the Creek Nation, now at War with them, who killed 32, of about 80 or 90 that went from this Place."

YORK-TOWN, *March* 2.

On Wednesday last a Maryland Officer, assisted by several Men, came to the House of Mr. Martin Kitzmiller, of this County, to arrest him, at the Suit of Mr. Diggs, when a Scuffle ensued; Mr. Kitzmiller called to his Son, in a Smith's Shop a little Way off, for Assistance; the young Man took up a Gun, loaded with small Shot to shoot Crows, and ran to help his Father, when some of the Officer's attempting to take the Gun out of his Hands, it went off, and shot the above Mr. Diggs's Son in the back Part of his Body, under the short Ribs, who died thereof in less than three Hours after. Young Jacob Kitzmiller deliver'd himself up Prisoner here the next Day. The Verdict of the Coroner's Inquest is not yet come to our Knowlege.

ANNAPOLIS.

On Thursday the 19th of *March* last died suddenly, at her House on *South River* Neck, to the great Grief of all who knew her, and on Thursday last was very decently interred, Mrs. REBECCA SANDERS, (the Wife of Mr. ROBERT SANDERS, *Senior*), aged 75 Years; after having fill'd with Honour the several Stations and Duties of Life, which Heaven had assign'd her. She enjoyed, in the connubial State, an almost uninterrupted Tranquility of 56 Years, and liv'd to see her fourth Generation. She was a tender Wife, a most affectionate Mother, a true Friend, an agreeable Companion, and a kind Mistress Having a just Sense of Religion herself, she instilled the Principles of it thro' her numerous Family; and having educated her Children in the Paths of Virtue and Piety, had the inexpressible Satisfaction (which always results from a Consciousness of having done our Duty) to reflect that they were each an Honour to her, and to be convinced that they formed their Plan of Happiness after her laudable Example.

Thursday last died, after a lingering Illness, at his House at the *Wood-Yard*, in *Prince George's* County, Capt. *Richard Williams*, formerly a Commander in the *Guiney* Trade.

The same Day died in *Charles* County, Mr. *Edmund Porteus*, Clerk of that County. He is succeeded in the said Office by *Benjamin Fendall*, Esq;

Yesterday came on the Election of an Alderman for this City, in the Room of *William Cumming*, Esq; deceased; when *George Steuart*, Esq; was chosen, and sworn into that Office: And *Benjamin Tasker, junior*, Esq; was unanimously chosen a Common Councilman, in the Room of *George Steuart*, Esq;

Kent County, *March* 25, 1752.

WHEREAS I am confined in this County Goal, for a great Number of Debts, which my Confinement renders me intirely unable to discharge, as it incapacitates me to collect many Debts due to me; and whereas I have offered my Creditors by public Advertisements, to deliver up my Books and Effects, into the Hands of Trustees for the Use of my Creditors, which is all in my Power to do; yet some of them have refused to accept these reasonable Terms. Now I give this public Notice, that I intend to apply to the next General Assembly for such Relief, as has heretofore been granted to others in my Circumstances.

Thomas Barkley.

pd 3/0

Wanting a PLACE,

ONE who can wait at a Gentleman's Table; Take Care of and curry his Horses; Clean Knives, Boots and Shoes; Lay a Table; Shave, and dress Wigs; Carry a Lanthorn, and Talk *French*; is as honest as the Times will admit, and as sober as can be.

Any Gentleman wanting such a Person, either in Town or Country, may enquire of the Printer hereof. 1

By the Corporation of the City of Annapolis, April 1, 1752.

ORDERED, That the Clerk of this Corporation give public Notice in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, That they have appointed Thursday, in the first Week of the Provincial Court, being the sixteenth of *April* Instant, at four of the Clock in the Afternoon, on the Stadt-House Hill, to set up and expose to Sale the present Market House, and the Piece or Parcel of Ground whereon the same now stands in the said City, containing sixty Feet in breadth on the Water, and three hundred and sixty Feet in length, and twenty five Feet on the Head of the said Land, allotted and designed for a Custom House, and lying on the northerly Side of the said Land, for the best Price that can be got for the same; agreeable to an Act of Assembly, Entituled, *An Act for erecting a new Market House, in the City of* Annapolis.

Signed *per* Order,

1 *R. Burdus*, Clerk.

THE Northern POST-RIDER having now begun his Fortnight Stages, will be in here at Twelve of the Clock on Wednesday next, the 8th Instant, and tarry till the next Day at Noon; and so constantly and punctually on every other Wednesday at Noon, during the Summer Season. Any Gentlemen having Business with him, may find him at those Times, either at Mrs. *Jennings*'s, or at the POST-OFFICE. X

STOLEN from the Subscriber, on the 12th of *March* last, at Night, A large Black Horse, 5 Years old, paces middling well, has a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose, is branded on the near Hip Bone thus ✠ and has a ridge Mane: The said Horse was stolen by a Man who had on a white Coat, blue Stockings, and black curled Hair or Wig. Whoever will bring the said Man and Horse to the Subscriber, living near *Bladensburg*, shall have Three Pounds Reward: Or any Person, that will either secure or bring the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, paid by

1 *William Pickett.*

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *Benjamin Hammond*, living at *Newfoundland* in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, An old Roan Mare, with a kind of dull Blotch or Brand on the Shoulder: She appears to have had the Pole Evil.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1

Just Imported from GLASGOW,

In the Ship NEWAL, *Capt.* SMITH, *by the Subscriber, and to be SOLD, at his Store in* ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, at reasonable Rates, by Wholesale or Retale, for Current Money, Sterling, or Bills of Exchange.

2 *Robert Swan.*

LIKEWISE,

The said *Swan* carries on the Business of Tanning and Currying of Leather, and Shoemaking, as usual: And is now furnished with exceeding good Tradesmen, for every Part of the said Business. And having also brought in a Sadler from *Britain*, all Persons may be furnished with any Thing in that Way, at reasonable Rates.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, lying on *Rock Creek*, about four Miles above Mr. *Daniel Carroll*'s, containing Five Hundred and Seventy Acres. 2 X

For Title and Terms, apply to

Hancock Lee.

INSPECTORS, who are not yet supplied with BOOKS and NOTES for the present Year, may have of all Sorts, what Quantities they want, Printed on choice Paper, from

Their humble Servant,

Jonas Green.

FOUND,

AN Obligation from *William Day* to *Charles Maccubbin*, for a Sum of Money therein mentioned, bearing Date *April* 2, 1751, and witness'd by *John Heberson*; which is left in the Hands of the Printer hereof. The proper Owner, whether Obligor or Obligee, may have it, on paying the Charge of this Advertisement. £2

FOUND,

ON the 9th of this Instant *March*, in *Annapolis*, in the Hay-Loft of the Subscriber, A middle siz'd Leather Saddle, with a Leather Housing, which is almost new. 2

The Owner proving his Property, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, may have it again, by applying to

Arthur Charlton.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Capt. *Joseph Cowman*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, A Mouse coloured Horse, with four white Feet, a Blaze in his Forehead, two Saddle Spots on his Back, about twelve Hands high, and branded on the off Buttock with the Letters H T. £2

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *Roger Randall*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, branded on the near Buttock, but not plain enough to be described. X £2

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *William Marbury*, living in *Prince George's* County, near *Piscataway*, taken up as a Stray, A Dark coloured Horse, branded on the near Buttock A L, about 13 Hands high, has a white Spot on the off Shoulder, and is about 7 or 8 Years old. X 2

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Thomas Holley*, in *Charles* County, taken up as a Stray, A small Dark colour'd Mare, branded on the near Buttock with a Capital G having a Tail to it, or Stroke down from it: She has one Wall Eye, and a small Blaze down her Face. X 2

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Richard Grimes*, near the Head of *Severn*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a very small Bay Mare, about 3 Years old, which is neither dock'd nor branded. X 2

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. *John Adamſon*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Grey Gelding, branded on the near Shoulder L, with ſome black Spots upon his Shoulders.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

A SCHOONER, which will carry Thirty-ſix Hogſheads of Tobacco, with all her Tackle and Furniture, now lying in the Dock at *Annapolis*.

She will be Sold on Friday the 17th Day of *April*, between V and VI of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Mr. *Middleton*, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Gold, or Paper Currency, by

Jonas Green.

THE Subſcriber intending for *London* this Summer, requeſts all Perſons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or ſettle their Accounts by Note, or Bond; And thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt him, are deſired to come and receive Payment of the ſame.

James Wardrop.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from the City of *Annapolis*, on the 28th of *November* laſt, from the *Virginia* Poſt-Rider, a ſmall Black Horſe, branded on the near Buttock W, has ſome Saddle Spots on his Back, a Star in his Forehead, ſome grey Hairs in his Face, and is between 7 and 8 Years old.

Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to the Printer hereof, ſhall have Ten Shillings Reward, and no Queſtions aſk'd.

THE Subſcriber intending ſoon to depart this Province, deſires all Perſons who have any Claims on him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be paid: And all Perſons indebted to him, or to the Eſtate of his late Father Mr. *William Ford*, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment, to prevent further Trouble.

Samuel Ford.

WHEREAS Mr. *William Grainger*, the late noted Pilot of *Cheſter* River, (who was taught that Buſineſs by the Subſcriber) is deceaſed; and the Subſcriber is deſirous to undertake the ſaid Buſineſs of Piloting Ships from *Annapolis* to *Cheſter-Town*, or from *Cheſter-Town* to *Annapolis*: This is therefore to acquaint all Maſters of Ships, or other Veſſels, who may have Occaſion for a Pilot, that on Application to the ſaid Subſcriber, living at *Broad Creek* on *Kent-Iſland*, they may depend on being well and faithfully ſerv'd, by *Their humble Servant*,

John Grainger.

WILLIAM MACKAY,

LIVING at *Nottingham* on *Patuxent*, hereby gives Notice, That he has a good Boat and Hands to croſs *Patuxent*, for Horſes and Carriages: And likewiſe keeps a Houſe of good Entertainment for Travellers.

William Mackay.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living at *Broad Creek* in *Prince George's* County, on the 28th of *October* laſt, a ſhort Negro Man, named *Joe*, a Caulker by Trade, and is a little bow legged. Had on when he went away, two Cotton Jackets, a Pair of Breeches, Country Stockings, an Oſnabrigs Shirt, and a good Cloth Coat, lately turn'd, with yellow Metal Buttons: He alſo took with him, a ſmall Iron Grey Horſe: He formerly belonged to Mr. *John Skinner* of *Lower-Marlborough*: And was bound to the Subſcriber for the Term of ſeven Years, by Captain *Smith*; which indented Time is now near expired. He is ſuppoſed to be concealed by ſome Negroes near home.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and brings him to either Major *Joſeph Sim*, Clerk of *Prince George's* County, Capt. *Smith*, lying in *Patuxent* River, or to the Subſcriber, ſhall have two Piſtoles Reward for the Negro, and ten Shillings for the Horſe.

Humphry Batt.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

A TRACT of Land, lying in the Fork of *Patuxent*, joining Mr. *John Gaither*, Son of *Benjamin*, containing 500 Acres, on the 25th Day of *April* next, by

William Keene.

The Sale is to begin at Twelve of the Clock at Mr. *John Gaither's*, Son of *Benjamin*.

BENJAMIN BARRY, jun.

Of Upper-Marlborough, *in* Prince George's *County*,

BEING removed from the old Houſe in ſaid Town (where he has for many Years kept Tavern), to the Houſe where Mr. *Daniel Carroll*, deceaſed, formerly dwelt, gives this public Notice thereof, that his Cuſtomers and others may know where to find him, and where they may depend on the beſt Accommodations and Entertainment, either for themſelves, their Servants, or Horſes, from

Their humble Servant,

Benjamin Barry, junior.

February 19, 1752.

DR. CHARLES CARROLL having made a Street Way, from the Head of *Nicholſon's* Dock, oppoſite to the Market Houſe in the City of *Annapolis*, from the End of *Church* Street at the Water Side, through his Lots, to *Duke of Glouceſter* Street, for the reaſonable Convenience of others, as well as his own, by the Name of

GREEN-STREET;

This is to give Notice, that the ſaid *Carroll* hath ſeveral very convenient Lots, fronting on both Sides of ſaid *Green* Street, ſome fronting on that and *Church* Street, or the Cove, and others fronting on *Duke of Glouceſter* Street and ſaid *Green* Street, very conveniently ſituated for good Air and Proſpect, and Building or carrying on any Trade or Buſineſs; which Lots he will ſell, or leaſe at very reaſonable Rates, for Lives or any Term of Years.

Any Perſons inclinable to buy or leaſe, may apply to ſaid *Carroll*, at his Houſe in *Annapolis*, and know further.

C. Carroll.

STRAYED or Stolen from *Annapolis*, laſt Fall, a Bay Mare, a natural Pacer, and paces very well, branded with a large H on the off Buttock, has a Star in her Forehead, and has ſeveral Saddle Spots.

Whoever brings her to Mrs. *Jennings* in *Annapolis*, ſhall have Ten Shillings Reward.

February 22, 1752.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subſcriber will give conſtant Attendance at his Office in *Annapolis*, on every Wedneſday and Thurſday before the Tenth of *April* next, to receive all ſuch Money from the Inhabitants of this County, as is due from them, for Public Levies, or on any other Account, to

Their humble Servant,

Nathan Hammond, Sheriff of *Anne-Arundel* County.

ON the 13th Day of *May* next, a Purſe of FORTY POUNDS Currency, to be run for, by any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, carrying nine Stone Weight, three Heats, each Heat to be once round the Poles on the Race Ground, near the City of *Annapolis*, and to be won by ſuch Horſe, &c. having the beſt of the ſaid Heats: Such Horſes, &c. are to be entered with *Jonas Green* two Days before the Race Day, and forty Shillings Currency to be paid at the Entrance, which with what further Addition can be made, is deſigned for a Race on the 14th Day of *May*.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, lodging at Mr. John Inch's, *Silverſmith, in* Annapolis,

GOOD *Barbadoes* RUM, at Five Shillings, for each ſingle Gallon; if ſix Gallons or upwards to one Perſon at the ſame Time, Four Shillings and eight Pence *per* Gallon; if by the Hogſhead, at a very reaſonable Rate.

Any Perſon taking Twelve Gallons, ſhall have it at 4*s.* 6*d. per* Gallon.

Andrew Henderſon.

ANTHONY SMITH,

At the Houſe lately kept by Mr. JOHN CONNER, *about ſeven Miles from* London-Town, *on the Road to* Weſt *River*, Calvert *County*, &c.

NOW keeps TAVERN; where Gentlemen may depend on good Entertainment, and the moſt civil Uſage, from

their humble Servant,

Anthony Smith.

THE Subſcriber having a good Brazier, all Perſons who have any thing to do in that Way of Buſineſs, may have it done at the ſaid Subſcriber's Smith's Shop in *Annapolis*.

Patrick Creagh.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of a Tract of Land called *Claggett's Foreſt*, and other Lands adjoyning thereto, lying near the Head of *Buſh* River in *Baltimore* County, containing about Thirteen Hundred Acres.

ALSO,

A Tract of Land lying in the ſaid County, near the Branches of *Deer Creek*, called *Bond's Gratuity*, containing Four Hundred Acres.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms, by applying to

Philip Thomas.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-ſtreet*; by whom all Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and a Shilling *per* Week after for Continuance: And BOOK-BINDING is performed in the neateſt Manner.